## KEY LEGISLATION TO KNOW

- Hatch Act (1939):
  - Limits political activities of civil service employees to run for an elected office
- Freedom of Information Act (1974):
  - o Allows public to access non-classified federal documents
- Civil Rights Act of 1964:
  - Bans discrimination in public places based on race, color, national origin or religion.
  - o Prohibits employment discrimination of all the above and sex.
  - o Requires federal contractors to adopt affirmative-action policies
- Voting Rights Act of 1965:
  - o Suspended literacy tests.
  - o Empowered federal officials to register voters.
  - Empowered federal officials to ensure citizens could vote and count ballots
- Air Quality Act (1967):
  - Established emissions standards for cars and factories, power plants, mines, etc.
- National Environmental Policy Act (1969):
  - o Requires environmental impact reports before major projects begin
- Clean Air and Water Act (1970):
  - o Monitors and controls pollution in the air and lakes, rivers and streams
- Federal Election Campaign Acts 1971-1974:
  - Created the FEC.
  - o Required disclosure of contributions or expenditures.
  - Provided limitations on contributions and presidential election expenditures. Provided subsidies for presidential candidates
- Title IX of the Education Act of 1972:
  - Prohibited gender discrimination in federally subsidized education programs

- War Powers Resolution (1973):
  - o President could send troops overseas to combat only if:
  - He notified Congress within 48 hours
  - o He withdrew troops within 60-90 days if Congress stops funding
  - o Congress can pass a resolution to have troops withdrawn at any time
- Budget and Impound Control Act (1974):
  - Established the Congressional Budget Office
  - o Extended budget process to three months
- Simpson-Mazzoli Act (1986):
  - o Fines for employers who knowingly hire illegal aliens
- Americas with Disabilities (1990):
  - Bans job discrimination against disabled if "reasonable accommodation" can be made
  - o Requires access to facilities for the handicapped
- Motor Voter Act (1993):
  - Requires states to register people to vote when applying or renewing a driver's license
- Patriot Act (2001):
  - Passed after 9/11 permits federal agencies to wire tap under a variety of circumstances
  - Increased federal ability to gather telecommunications, Internet, and financial information of suspected terrorists
  - Permits federal and international agencies to share information on criminal or terrorist investigations
- Bipartisan Campaign Reform Act (BCRA) 2002:
  - Limits national party members from raising and spending soft money
  - Defines any broadcast ad aired immediately before an election that depicts a federal candidate and targets that candidates constituency
  - o (OVERRULED BY CITIZENS UNITED V. FEC 2010)